

Charlie has been thinking about sums of consecutive numbers.

Here is part of his working out:

9	=	4	+	5	and	2	+	3	+	4				
10	=	1	+	2	+	3	+	4						
11	=	5	+	6										
12	=	3	+	4	+	5								
13	=	6	+	7										
14	=	2	+	3	+	4	+	5						
15	=	7	+	8	and	4	+	5	+	6				
					and	1	+	2	+	3	+	4	+	5

Alison looked over Charlie's shoulder:

"I wonder if we could write **every** number as the sum of consecutive numbers?"

"Some numbers can be written in more than one way! I wonder which ones?"

"9, 12 and 15 can all be written using three consecutive numbers. I wonder if all multiples of 3 can be written in this way?"

"Maybe you could write the multiples of 4 if you used four consecutive numbers..."

Choose some of the questions above, or pose some questions of your own, and try to answer them.

Can you support your conclusions with convincing arguments or proofs?