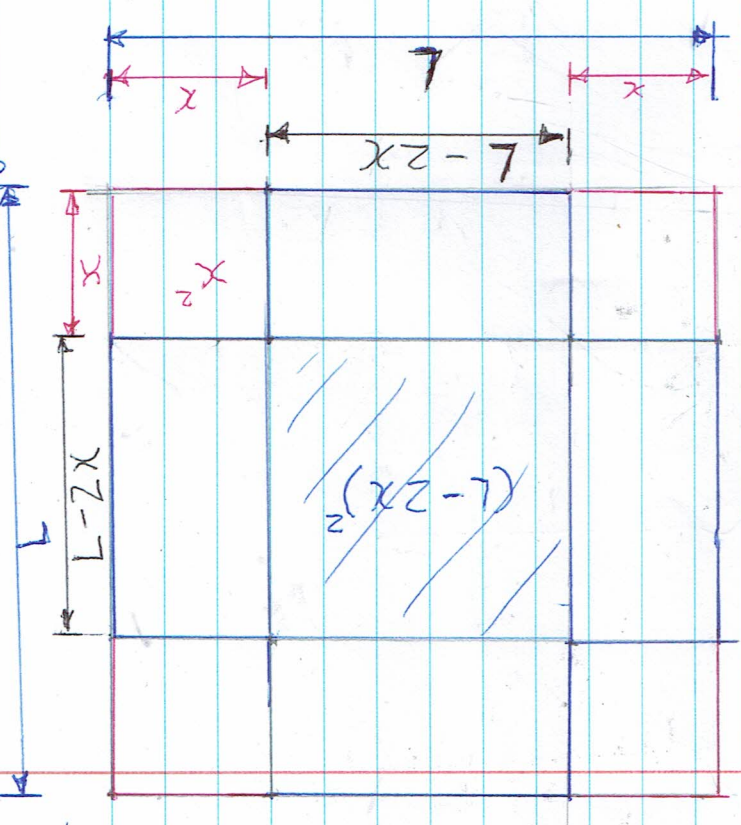


# Cuboid Challenge



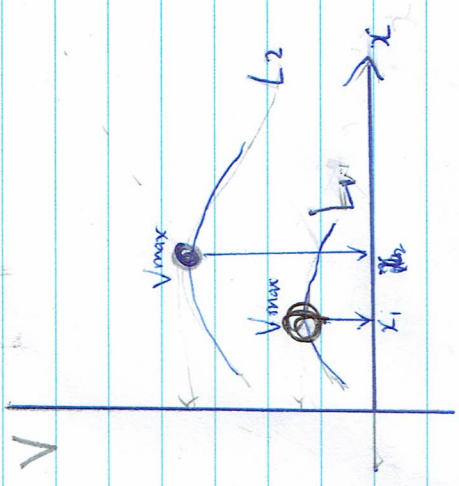
$V = (L-2x)^2 \times x$  Note: for a given  $L$ ,  $x < \frac{L}{2}$  &  $x > 0$

$L$	$x$	$V = (L-2x)^2 \times x$
$L_1$	$x_1$	$V_1$
$L_2$	$x_2$	$V_2$
$L_3$	$x_3$	$V_3$
$L_4$	$x_4$	$V_4$

Set Up Excel Table as shown

Plot graph for  $V$  vs.  $x$   
prefer to excel

# Discussion



① For a given  $L$ , there's only 1  $x$  where  $V$  is at the largest

$L$	$x$	$V_{max}$
20	3.32	588
30	5	2000
40	7	4732
50	8	9248
60	10	16000

(More precise measurement: 592.548)

② The size of paper is  $L^2$  and the volume is  $V_{max}$ . So I plotted  $V_{max}$  vs.  $L^2$ . The trend is increasing.

③  $4 \times x^2$  is the area of paper cut. There is a non-linear increasing trend.  $V_{max}$  vs.  $x^2$

④ The graph of  $L^2$  vs.  $x^2$  is increasing non-linearly. If a 3d plot were possible, all three graphs would be combined to get a better understanding.