Cut out the statements and put them in order, to prove that the sum of the first $n$ odd numbers is $n^{2}$.

| $2 n-1,2 n-3,2 n-5, \ldots, 1$ | A |
| :--- | :--- |
| As you go along both lists, the corresponding terms in the two lists <br> add up to $2 n$ | B |
| Write one list below the other so that the terms are aligned | C |
| $1,3,5,7, \ldots, 2 n-1$ | D |
| Now list the first $n$ odd numbers in descending order | E |
| Therefore the sum of both lists is $2 n \times n=2 n^{2}$ | G |
| Adding together the second numbers from each list also gives $2 n$ | H |
| Start by listing the first $n$ odd numbers in ascending order | I |
| Therefore the sum of the first $n$ odd numbers in each list adds up to $n^{2}$ | K |
| Adding together the first numbers from each list gives $2 n$ | In total there will be $n$ pairs that add up to $2 n$ |

